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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

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Emergency telephone number: Emergency telephone number:

Material Name: Oxazepam Tablets

Trade Name: Sobril®
Compound Number: PNU-0029556
Chemical Family: Benzodiazepine

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used as antianxiety agent.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS List	%
Oxazepam	604-75-1	210-076-9	6-28
Magnesium Stearate	557-04-0	209-150-3	*
Microcrystalline cellulose	9004-34-6	232-674-9	*

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS List	%
Dibasic calcium phosphate, dihydrate USP	7789-77-7	Not listed	*
Povidone	9003-39-8	Not listed	*
Silica colloidal, Ph. Eur.	112945-52-5	Not listed	*
Sodium Lauryl Sulfate	151-21-3	205-788-1	*
Sodium starch glycolate	9063-38-1	Not listed	*

Additional Information: * Proprietary

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: Round, white tablet

Statement of Hazard: Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to gastrointestinal system and central nervous system through prolonged

or repeated exposure.

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Known Clinical Effects: Adverse effects most commonly reported in clinical use include drowsiness and lethargy Other

less common effects include dizziness vertigo headache fainting (syncope) Drugs of this class may cause symptoms of dependence/withdrawal This material has been shown to be secreted in low concentrations in human breast milk. This compound can cross the placenta in pregnant

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EU Indication of danger: Carcinogenic: Category 3

Toxic to Reproduction; Category 3

EU Hazard Symbols:



EU Risk Phrases:

R40 - Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

R62 - Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R63 - Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.

Australian Hazard Classification

(NOHSC):

Note:

This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

require the inclusion of all known hazards of the active substance or its intermediates regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your

workplace.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Flush with water while holding eyelids open for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention

immediately.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek

medical attention.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: No data available

Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: No data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

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Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental

Protections:

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: Minimize dust generation and accumulation. If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken,

avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage Conditions: Store at controlled room temperature.

Storage Temperature: < 25 °C

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Magnesium Stearate

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA except stearates of toxic metals

Australia TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Microcrystalline cellulose

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: = 15 mg/m³ TWA total = 5 mg/m³ TWA

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA Australia TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

The purpose of the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) classification system is to separate substances into different Hazard categories when the available data are sufficient to do so, but inadequate to establish an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL). The OEB given is based upon an analysis of all currently available data; as such, this value may be subject to revision when new information becomes available.

Oxazepam

Pfizer Occupational Exposure OEB4 (control exposure to the range of >1ug/m³ to <10ug/m³)

Band (OEB):

Engineering Controls: Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General

room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep air contamination levels below the exposure limits or within the OEB range listed above in this

section.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Hands: Impervious gloves are recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk

processing operations.

Eyes: Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible.

Skin: Impervious protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and

for bulk processing operations.

Respiratory protection: Whenever excessive air contamination (dust, mist, vapor) is generated, respiratory protection,

with appropriate protection factors, should be used to minimize exposure.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State:TabletColor:WhiteMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:Mixture

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: No data available Incompatible Materials: No data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Oxazepam

Rat Oral LD50 >8 g/kg

Mouse Oral LD50 1540 mg/kg

Rabbit Oral LD50 >2 g/kg

Rat Subcutaneous LD50 >8 g/kg

Mouse Subcutaneous LD50 >400 mg/kg

Sodium Lauryl Sulfate

Rat Oral LD 50 1288 mg/kg Rat Intraperitoneal LD 50 210 mg/kg

Microcrystalline cellulose

Rat Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Microcrystalline cellulose

Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Oxazepam

25 mg/kg Rat Oral Kidney, Liver, Gastrointestinal System 2 Year(s) NOAEL 14 Week(s) Mouse Oral 25 mg/kg LOAEL Central Nervous System, Liver 10,920 mg/kg/day 52 Week(s) Dog Oral LOAEL Endocrine system 5,250 mg/kg/day Bladder, Endocrine system 6 Week(s) Rat Oral LOAEL

Sodium Lauryl Sulfate

3 Day(s) Rat Oral 75 mg/kg LOAEL Liver, Blood

Magnesium Stearate

13 Week(s) Rat Oral 1092 g/kg LOAEL Liver

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Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Oxazepam

100 mg/kg/day NOAEL Reproductive & Fertility Oral No effects at maximum dose, Not teratogenic Rat Mouse Reproductive & Fertility Oral 500 mg/kg/day Reproductive toxicity LOAEL 375 mg/kg/day Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse Feeding tube LOAEL Developmental toxicity Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Oral 50 mg/kg NOAEL Not Teratogenic Fertility and Embryonic Development Mouse Oral 400 mg/kg LOAEL Fetotoxicity, Not Teratogenic

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Oxazepam

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative

In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Human Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells Negative

In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells Negative

In Vivo Micronucleus Mouse Negative

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Oxazepam

Rat Oral, in feed 25 mg/kg/day LOAEL 2 Year(s) Kidneys, Tumors, Equivocal 2 Year(s) Rat Oral, in feed 220 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic 57 Week(s) Mouse Oral, in feed 270 mg/kg/day LOAEL Liver, Tumors Mouse Oral, in feed 2 Year(s) 12 mg/kg/day LOAEL Liver, Tumors

Carcinogen Status: See below

Oxazepam

IARC: Group 2B

OSHA: Present

Silica colloidal, Ph. Eur.

IARC: Group 3

Povidone

IARC: Group 3

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: Environmental properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Releases to the environment

should be avoided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Procedures: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol: Xn

EU Indication of danger: Carcinogenic: Category 3

Toxic to Reproduction; Category 3

EU Risk Phrases:

R40 - Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

R62 - Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R63 - Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

EU Safety Phrases:

S36/37 - Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

OSHA Label:

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to gastrointestinal system and central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

D2b toxic materials
D2a very toxic materials



Oxazepam

California Proposition 65 carcinogen, initial date 10/01/94

developmental toxicity, initial date 10/1/92

Drug Enforcement Administration: Schedule IV

Australia (AICS): Present

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling Schedule 4

for Drugs and Poisons:

EU EINECS List 210-076-9

Dibasic calcium phosphate, dihydrate USP

Australia (AICS): Present

Magnesium Stearate

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Microcrystalline cellulose

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

XU

Present
232-674-9

Povidone

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) XU
Australia (AICS): Present

Silica colloidal, Ph. Eur.

Australia (AICS): Present

Sodium Lauryl Sulfate

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

Present
205-788-1

Sodium starch glycolate

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) XU
Australia (AICS): Present

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by:Toxicology and Hazard Communication
Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

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End of Safety Data Sheet